

Problem

Let $M(d, \chi) = M_{\mathbb{P}^2}(dm + \chi)$ be the moduli space of semistable sheaves on \mathbb{P}^2 with Hilbert polynomial $dm + \chi$. Compute its topological invariants.

Motivation

1. Curve counting (GV invariants) on CY threefolds (Hosono-Saito-Takahashi, Katz, Kiem-Li, ...) requires the study of $M_X(dm + 1)$ for a CY threefold X . For a local CY $X = \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(-3)$, $M_X(dm + 1) = M(d, \chi)$.

2. Le Potier's strange duality conjecture:

For $c, v \in K(\mathbb{P}^2)$ such that $\chi(c \cdot v) = 0$,

$$H^0(M_{\mathbb{P}^2}(c), \lambda(-v))^* \cong H^0(M_{\mathbb{P}^2}(v), \lambda(-c)).$$

What is $\dim H^0(M_{\mathbb{P}^2}(c), \lambda(-v))$?

Known results

- 1. $d = 1, 2 \Rightarrow M(d, 1) \cong |\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(d)|$
- 2. $d = 3 \Rightarrow M(3, 1) = \text{universal cubic on } \mathbb{P}^2$
- 3. $M(d, \chi) \cong M(d, \chi + d)$
- 4. (Maican [5]) $M(d, \chi) \cong M(d, -\chi)$,
- 5. Poincaré polynomial of $M(d, 1)$ is known for $d \leq 6$.
- 6. (Markman [6]) $A^*(M(d, \chi), \mathbb{Q}) = H^*(M(d, \chi), \mathbb{Q})$

Main Theorem ([1])

Let $M(4, 1)$ be the moduli space of stable sheaves on \mathbb{P}^2 with Hilbert polynomial $4m + 1$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} A^*(M(4, 1), \mathbb{Q}) \cong \mathbb{Q}[\alpha, \beta, x, y, z] / \langle & xz - yz, \beta^2 z - 3yz - 9z^2, 3\alpha^2 z - \alpha\beta z + yz, \\ & \beta^2 y - 3y^2 - 9yz, \beta^2 x - xy - 3y^2 - 3\alpha\beta z - 9yz + 9z^2, \\ & \beta^4 + 3x^2 - 9xy - 3y^2 - 54yz - 81z^2, \beta yz + 9\alpha z^2 - 3\beta z^2, \\ & 2\beta xy - 3\beta y^2 - 9\alpha yz - 27\alpha z^2 + 9\beta z^2, 3\beta x^2 - 7\beta y^2 - 36\alpha yz - 108\alpha z^2 + 36\beta z^2, \\ & \alpha^{12} + 3\alpha^{11}\beta + 3\alpha^{10}(\beta^2 + 2x - y) + \alpha^9(-\beta^3 + 12\beta x + 2\beta y) \\ & + 3\alpha^8(9x^2 - 16xy + 27y^2) + 28\alpha^7\beta y^2 + 56\alpha^6 y^3 + 201\alpha\beta z^5 - 19yz^5 - 613z^6, \\ & 6\alpha^{10}xy - 12\alpha^{10}y^2 - 10\alpha^9\beta y^2 - 45\alpha^8 y^3 - 104\alpha\beta z^6 + 2yz^6 + 310z^7 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

where α, β are of degree 1 and x, y, z are of degree 2.

Idea of Proof

We show that there is a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} N(3; 2, 3) & \longleftarrow & \text{Hilb}^3(\mathbb{P}^2) & \longleftarrow & M^\infty(4, 1) \\ & \uparrow & & \nearrow \beta & \downarrow \\ Q & \longleftarrow & M^+(4, 1) & \rightsquigarrow & M^3(4, 1) \\ & \searrow \gamma & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ & & M(4, 1) & \xrightarrow{\pi} & |\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(4)|. \end{array}$$

where

- $N(3; 2, 3)$: moduli of Kronecker quiver representations,
- Q : projective bundle over $N(3; 2, 3)$,
- $M^\alpha(4, 1)$: moduli space of α -stable pairs.

(\rightarrow): smooth blow-up, (\Rightarrow): fibration, (\rightsquigarrow): small contraction, (\dashrightarrow): flip

- 1. $M^\infty(4, 1) \cong$ relative Hilbert scheme of 3 points on the universal quartic plane curve
- 2. β : wall-crossing of α -stable pairs
- 3. γ : Bridgeland wall-crossing
- 4. π : Fitting map

Description at a general point:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} [\mathcal{O}(-1)^{\oplus 2} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^{\oplus 3}] & \longleftarrow & I_{Z, \mathbb{P}^2} & \longleftarrow & I_{Z, C} \\ & \uparrow & & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ [\mathcal{O} \rightarrow I_{Z, \mathbb{P}^2}(4)] & \longleftarrow & [\mathcal{O} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_C(Z)] & & \\ & \searrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ & & \mathcal{O}_C(Z) & \longrightarrow & \text{supp}(C) \end{array}$$

Description along exceptional loci:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\ell \subset \mathbb{P}^2) & & \\ \uparrow & & \\ (p \in \ell) \longleftarrow (p \in \ell \cap C) & & \\ \downarrow & & \\ I_{p, C}(1) \longrightarrow \text{supp}(C) & & \end{array}$$

A key technique to construct a map $M^+(4, 1) \rightarrow Q$ is the elementary modification of pairs ([3]).

By using standard formulas for blow-ups and projective bundles, we obtain $A^*(M(4, 1), \mathbb{Q})$ from $A^*(N(3; 2, 3), \mathbb{Q})$, which was computed by Ellingsrud and Strømme ([2]).

Modular description of Chow classes

From the diagram, we also obtain a moduli theoretic description of some Chow classes. For a general $F \in M(4, 1)$, there is a unique (up to scalar) section $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \xrightarrow{s} F$ and $Q_F = \text{coker}(s)$ is a finite scheme.

- $\alpha = \{F \mid p \in \text{supp}(F)\}$ for a point $p \in \mathbb{P}^2$
- $-\beta = \overline{\{F \mid Q_F \cap \ell \neq \emptyset\}}$ for a line $\ell \subset \mathbb{P}^2$
- $x - y = \overline{\{F \mid p \in Q_F\}}$ for a point $p \in \mathbb{P}^2$
- $z = \{F \mid H^0(F) = 2\}$, the Brill-Noether locus

Application to generalized Donaldson numbers

Corollary ([1])

The total Chern class of $M(4, 1)$ was computed.

$$c_1 = 12\alpha, \quad c_2 = 66\alpha^2 - 3\alpha\beta - 3\beta^2 + 6x + 2y + 34z, \dots$$

Thus we can compute the Euler characteristic (or generalized Donaldson number [4]) of every line bundle on $M(4, 1)$.

Conjecture

For the Fitting map $\pi : M(d, 1) \rightarrow |\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(d)|$, let $\alpha_d := \pi^* \mathcal{O}_{|\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(d)|}(1)$. Then

$$\chi(M(d, 1), m\alpha_d) = \binom{m + 3d - 1}{m}.$$

This is true for $d \leq 4$.

References

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