## Homework 7 Solution

Section $7.1 \sim 7.2$

7.1.36. Let $U=\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}, X=\{2,4,6,8\}, Y=\{2,3,4,5,6\}$, and $Z=$ $\{1,2,3,8,9\}$. List the members of $X \cup Y$, using set braces.

$$
\{2,3,4,5,6,8\}
$$

7.1.38. List the members of $Y^{\prime}$, using set braces.

$$
\{1,7,8,9\}
$$

7.1.40. List the members of $X^{\prime} \cap Z$, using set braces.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& X^{\prime}=\{1,3,5,7,9\} \\
& X^{\prime} \cap Z=\{1,3,9\}
\end{aligned}
$$

7.1.44. List the members of $(X \cap Y) \cup\left(X^{\prime} \cap Z\right)$, using set braces.

$$
X \cap Y=\{2,4,6\}
$$

$$
X^{\prime} \cap Z=\{1,3,9\} \text { by } \# 40 \text {. So }
$$

$$
(X \cap Y) \cup\left(X^{\prime} \cap Z\right)=\{1,2,3,4,6,9\} .
$$

7.1.66. The following table shows some symptoms of an overactive thyroid and an underachieve thyroid.

| Underactive Thyroid | Overactive Thyroid |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sleepiness, $s$ | Insomnia, $i$ |
| Dry hands, $d$ | Moist hands, $m$ |
| Intolerance of cold, $c$ | Intolerance of heat, $h$ |
| Goiter, $g$ | Goiter, $g$ |

Let $U$ be the smallest possible set that includes all the symptoms listed, $N$ be the set of symptoms for an underachieve thyroid, and $O$ be the set of symptoms for an overactive thyroid. Find $N \cap O$.

$$
\begin{gathered}
N=\{s, d, c, g\}, O=\{i, m, h, g\} \\
N \cap O=\{g\}
\end{gathered}
$$

7.1.68. Find $N \cap O^{\prime}$.

$$
\begin{gathered}
U=\{s, d, c, g, i, m, h\} \\
O^{\prime}=\{s, d, c\} \\
N \cap O^{\prime}=\{s, d, c\}
\end{gathered}
$$

7.1.78. In the following list of states, let $A=\{$ states whose name contains the letter e $\}$, let $B=\{$ states with a population of more than $4,000,000\}$, and $C=\{$ states with an area greater than 40,000 square miles $\}$.

| State | Population (1000s) | Area (sq. mi.) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Alabama | 4662 | 52,419 |
| Alaska | 686 | 663,267 |
| Colorado | 4939 | 104,094 |
| Florida | 18,328 | 65,755 |
| Hawaii | 1288 | 10,931 |
| Indiana | 6377 | 36,418 |
| Kentucky | 4269 | 40,409 |
| Maine | 1316 | 35,385 |
| Nebraska | 1783 | 77,354 |
| New Jersey | 8683 | 8721 |

(a) Describe in words the set $A \cup(B \cap C)^{\prime}$.

The set of states whose name contains the letter "e" or who are not both more than 4 million in population and more than 40,000 square miles in area
(b) List all elements in the set $A \cup(B \cap C)^{\prime}$.

$$
A \cup(B \cap C)^{\prime}
$$

$=\{$ Alaska, Florida, Hawaii, Indiana, Kenturky, Maine, Nebraska, New Jersey $\}$
7.2.4. Sketch a Venn diagram like the one in the figure, and use shading to show $A^{\prime} \cap B^{\prime}$.

7.2.18. Sketch a Venn diagram like the one shown, and use shading to show $A^{\prime} \cap\left(B^{\prime} \cup\right.$ $C)$.

7.2.30. Draw a Venn diagram and use the given information to fill lin the number of elements for each region.

$$
\begin{gathered}
n(A)=54, n(A \cap B)=22, n(A \cup B)=85, n(A \cap B \cap C)=4, \\
n(A \cap C)=15, n(B \cap C)=16, n(C)=44, n\left(B^{\prime}\right)=63
\end{gathered}
$$


7.2.40. Market research showed that the adult residents of a certain small town in Georgia fit the following categories of cola consumption. (We assume here that no one drinks both regular cola and diet cola.)

| Age | Drink <br> Regular Cola $(R)$ | Drink <br> Diet Cola $(D)$ | Drink <br> No Cola $(N)$ | Totals |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21-25 $(Y)$ | 40 | 15 | 15 | 70 |
| 26-35 $(M)$ | 30 | 30 | 20 | 80 |
| Over 35 $(O)$ | 10 | 50 | 10 | 70 |
| Totals | 80 | 95 | 45 | 220 |

Using the letters given in the table, find the number of people in each set.
(a) $Y \cap R$

40
(b) $M \cap D$

30
(c) $M \cup(D \cap Y)$
$80+15=95$
(d) $Y^{\prime} \cap(D \cup N)$
$30+20+50+10=110$
(e) $O^{\prime} \cup N$
$70+80+10=160$
(f) $M^{\prime} \cap\left(R^{\prime} \cap N^{\prime}\right)$
$15+50=65$
(g) Describe the set $M \cup(D \cap Y)$ in words.

All people age 21-25 who drink diet cola or anyone age 26-35.
7.2.60. At a pow-wow in Arizona, 75 Native American families from all over the Southwest came to participate in the ceremonies. A coordinator of the pow-wow took a survey and found that

15 families brought food, costumes, and crafts;
25 families brought food and crafts;
42 families brought food;
35 families brought crafts;
14 families brought crafts but not costumes;
10 families brought none of the three items;
18 families brought costumes but not crafts.
Suppose that $F$ is the set of families brought food, $C$ is the set of families brought costumes, and $R$ is the set of families brought crafts. We can sketch the following Venn-diagram:

(a) How many families brought costumes and food?
$5+15=20$
(b) How many families brought costumes?
$5+15+6+13=39$
(c) How many families brought food, but not costumes?
$12+10=22$
(d) How many families did not bring crafts?
$10+12+5+13=40$
(e) How many families brought food or costumes?
$12+10+5+15+13+6=61$

